

# How do you know blood has been maintained at the proper temperature?

When blood is dispatched for use, but comes back unused, it has been out of your control. Get control by monitoring the temperature in transit — then you know the unused blood can be returned to the blood bank inventory.

## 1 Blood packed in transport cooler



## 2 Blood in transit



Is the temperature of the blood **maintained at < 10°C while in transit**, until it is received at the blood bank for inventory placement?\*

\*Compliance with 21CFR600.15(a) requires blood products to be maintained below the upper temperature limit when in transit

## 3 Blood received at blood bank



Blood banks need confidence that the 10°C upper temperature limit has not been exceeded during the entire blood transport cycle

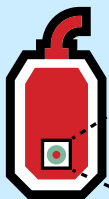


Eliminate this “GRAY AREA” with **Safe-T-Vue® 10** Non-reversible Temperature Indicators



And answer **YES** to every Blood Bank question

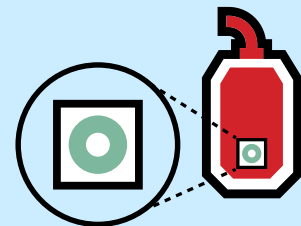
- Was blood maintained in accordance with AABB or FDA temperature requirements?
- Will you know if the blood has exceeded the 10°C limit?



**Safe-T-Vue®**  
Red indicator means blood exceeded 10°C temperature limit



**Safe-T-Vue®**  
White indicator means blood was kept below 10°C temperature limit



Tap into the future of temperature monitoring at [www.zebra.com/tempmonitoring](http://www.zebra.com/tempmonitoring)



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Non-reversible Temperature Indicators

